

HOW TO SETTLE THE PENSION QUESTION.

The new pension bill which recently passed Congress, and by the signature of the President became a law, is being more severely condemned by the masses of the people than was the salary-grab bill. The latter bill took less than a million and a half out of the treasury—the pension bill will draw from \$4 millions to, say 50 millions, at least. The amount, however, is not to be considered if the claims of the pensioners be just. This country can never over compensate the soldiers and sailors for the work they did during the four years the conflict lasted between the friends of Freedom and the advocate of the Slave Power. But the objection to the new law is not on the ground that those who were crippled while in the service, or who in consequence of hardships more severe than the physical man could bear, permanently lost their health, but on the ground that probably many thousands will receive heavy back pensions who are not entitled to them. This will no doubt prove true. With here and there an exception, those who were clearly entitled to pensions, whether soldiers, sailors, widows, or mothers, received them within five years prescribed by the act of Congress of 1873. Those who were not entitled to a pension then, can hardly be entitled to one now; and yet many hundreds are becoming pensioners every year, whose alleged disability is said to date back to the time they were in the service. Of course there are honorable exceptions to this rule, but there are thousands on the pension roll, who should be off, and who are in nowise entitled to the enormous amount of back pension which the new law will give them. This is the only ground on which objections can possibly be made against the new pension law.

Some means should be devised by Congress to give the pension roll a good purging. It needs it, and the work should not long be delayed. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are annually paid out to pensioners who are not entitled to a cent, and this strain upon the treasury should be stopped. The pension districts should be reconstructed, by making six districts in the United States. A Board of Examiners should be appointed for each district, whose duty it shall be to thoroughly examine the person or persons about whose right to draw pension there is any possibility of a doubt. The applicants for new pensions should also be examined by this Board. We believe that if a law of this kind should be enacted, it would prove the best investment the Government could make for the reason that in a very few years millions of dollars would be saved. This should be done before any appropriation is made by Congress for the payment of the arrears under the new law.

In justice to the scarred and maimed veterans who suffered long and much in the field; in justice to those whose health became permanently shattered by hardships and exposure while defending the Government against the attack of treason; and in justice to the widows and mothers who lost their husbands and their sons in battle or in hospital, there should be none but honorable names on the pension roll of the United States.

THE SUPREME COURT AND THE ASSESSMENT LAW.

The decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Plumer vs the Board of Supervisors of Marathon county et al., has been published in the Senate Journal, and a thousand extra copies ordered printed for general distribution. The decision is one of the most important which has come from that Court for many months. It makes havoc of the assessment law of the State, and in some parts of Wisconsin will create general disorder as regards the collection of taxes. It holds unconstitutional the present assessment law, and thereby throws an important responsibility upon the Legislature. It is now called upon to frame and to enact, that which it has never yet been able to frame and to enact, a good tax law. The point has been reached, however, when the Legislature can no longer trifle with the subject, and it is wise that the Supreme Court has taken the matter in hand, and has issued an opinion which strikes at the very root of the evil. Justice Ryan, who wrote the opinion, says: "The failure of assessors to perform their duties according to their oath, under statutes faithfully and carefully framed to carry out the constitutional provision, that the rule of taxation shall be uniform, has been a fruitful source of litigation, and has seriously embarrassed the collection of the public revenue. Chapter 334 and 358 was obviously designed to mitigate this evil. Whether or not some such statute would be better remedy, whether or not it might have been better to have left the law as it was, and to provide for the prosecution of every assessor 'violating his duty and his oath,' are no questions for this court."

This is a public notice to assessors that thereafter they must do their duty, in more than one respect. They must assess property at its actual valuation, and that they must personally inspect the property to be assessed. There has been no uniformity in this State regarding assessments. Every assessor seemed to do as he pleased. He would favor one property holder and would put it on to another. In many cases assessors were elected or appointed who had no conception of the relative value of property. They went about their business in an haphazard way making a farce of the whole assessment law. In some counties the assessors would rate certain kinds of property at about one-third its value, in others it would be about one-half, in another two-thirds, and still another at nearly its full value. We have known a first-class piano to be assessed for \$25, and a gold watch for which the owner would not take \$100, was kindly put in by the assessor at \$10. In this loose and ridiculous way have assessments been made in this State, and are made every year. The State

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 22

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1879.

NUMBER 285

THE NEWS.

Developments in the Cipher Investigation in New York.

Views of the Leading New York Papers on the Subject.

Comments on the Testimony of Tilden's Nephew.

Manton Marble's Exhibition before the Potter Committee.

The Imperfections of the New Pension Law.

Another Batch of Nominations Sent to the Senate.

Action of the Finance Committee on the Tobacco Tax.

The Number of Men on a Strike in Liverpool.

A Disastrous Fire at Ripon—The Postoffice Destroyed.

Interesting Items in Our Special Dispatches.

MARKETS.

Special to the Gazette.
CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—No 2 spring wheat; cash 87½ cents; March 88 cents; April 89½ cents; and No 3 spring wheat, cash, at 77½ cents.
CORN—No 2, cash, 31½ cents; March 31½ cents; April 32½ cents.
BARLEY—Extra No 3 cash, 45 cents.

RENO.

Special to the Gazette.
CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—The testimony in Reno's trial has been concluded. The arguments will be made on Monday.

PEACE FOR FRANCE.

Special to the Gazette.
PARIS, Feb. 8.—President Grevy in receiving the members of the diplomatic corps said that peace is what Republican France most desires, both in the present and in the future.

MACHINERY HALL.

Special to the Gazette.
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.—Machinery hall on the Centennial grounds was sold today for the big sum of \$24,000. It was 360 by 140 feet, and annex 305 by 210 feet, and cost \$702,000.

TILDEN TESTIFIES.

Special to the Gazette.
NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Samuel J. Tilden has been on the stand to-day before the Potter Investigation Committee, and testified that he never saw the cipher dispatches before they were published, and knew nothing of their existence.

STILL ON THE STRIKE.

Special to the Gazette.
LIVERPOOL, Feb. 8.—All work on the docks has been suspended. Vessels are unloaded, and the strikers will not allow any laborers to work. Much excitement prevails, and the cavalry have been ordered out to prevent a riot.

RIPON'S BLAZE.

The Postoffice, Mails, and all Public Documents Destroyed.
MILWAUKEE, Feb. 7.—A fire at Ripon, Wis., this morning destroyed Rinal's Block and a portion of Allen's Block. The Post Office was located in Rinal's block and was entirely destroyed, together with all the mail matter, records, funds, public documents, and private papers of the Postmaster. Total loss about \$13,000; insurance, \$6,000.

STRIKERS.

Thirty-Five Thousand Men on a Strike in Liverpool.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—It is estimated that from 30,000 to 35,000 men are now on a strike at Liverpool. The demarcation of the crowd yesterday was most threatening, in consequence of the sailors joining the strikers. The laborers employed in the provision trade also struck. At Waterloo dock the mob broke up the staging and did much damage. After their expulsion by the police they endeavored to storm the gates. At Princess dock the mob boarded the bark Cora, from Wilmington, N.C., which was unloading her cargo of resin, and extinguished the fires in the donkey engines and cut the hoisting gear. This mob numbered about 3,000. Smaller mobs mobbed the laborers at Queen's, Nelson's, and Bramley's docks. The police were reinforced last night, especially near the Sailors' Home. A number of laborers sent to Liverpool, from Wolverhampton, were compelled to return by threats of murder.

PENSION ARREARS.

The Imperfections of the New Bill—Trouble in the Pension Office.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Feb. 7.—Some of the most astonishing results have already grown out of the passage of the Arrears of Pension bill, not the least of which is the practical stoppage of work at the Pension Office. Not a case which could be affected by the bill has been adjusted since the bill passed, and none can be adjusted until Congress amends its work, without running the risk of rendering another Ar-

rears bill of even more sweeping dimensions necessary next year. The Commissioner of Pensions, who has given his entire time since the bill passed to the study of the subject, finds the obstacles which it presents almost insurmountable, and has written a letter to the Secretary of the Interior setting forth the difficulties which have been created, and recommending legislation which will help to remove them. The Commissioner estimates for arrears to pensions on the roll who are entitled (45,000) \$34,000,000; additional pensions for the current year, \$2,500,000; and for the next year, \$50,000,000. He holds that the clause of the bill providing that the arrears of pensions shall be computed at the rate at which the original pension was allowed applies only to the 45,000 settled claims, and not to the unsettled cases, and says that the latter class of cases will be rated according to their disabilities from the date of discharge.

THE CIPHER.

Progress of the Cipher Investigation—Views of the New York Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The Star says: "As the cipher investigation progresses, the question of responsibility narrows itself to the consideration of the rules of four actors in the drama, namely: Smith Weed, Edward Cooper, Colonel Pelton, and Samuel J. Tilden. All knowledge and information of the intrigue was confined, during its progress, to these gentlemen. Pelton may be the dragon, but the most exuberant imagination could not conceive Tilden as St. Michael."

The Times says: "Colonel William Tilden failed to exonerate his uncle Samuel. On the 21st of November, 1876, Tilden knew what had been done to corrupt the Returning Board of South Carolina. Two years later he saw fit, in regard to the public, to convey the impression that he knew nothing of the plot."

The Tribune says: "Was Pelton called home by Tilden to be turned out of house? Oh, no! to be retained in his old position as the unofficial manager at the count in the disputed States, and to repeat in Florida and Oregon, and once more in South Carolina, the same performance which ended so ill in South Carolina. Weed, himself, who testifies that Tilden scolded him after the South Carolina affair, adds that he nevertheless, did not notice any diminution of the cordiality in Tilden's behavior toward him, until after the telegrams were published."

The Herald says: "As yet there is not a particle of evidence which convicts Tilden of a guilty knowledge of the disgraceful cipher dispatches relating to the bribery of the Returning Boards, but it is prudent to hold our judgment until the evidence is all in."

PELTON.

Comments on the Testimony of Tilden's Nephew.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The Tribune's editorials have the following points: "Pelton granted, yesterday, all that the Tribune had charged against Marble, and that Marble has denied. Pelton was on the stand for eight hours and a half, and when he was dismissed there was little or nothing left of him. He was not only dreadfully embarrassed, hesitating and contradictory on cross examination, but even his direct testimony was a painful exhibition from the very start. The witness seemed all through the day like one who has much to conceal, and although his testimony, so far as it affected Tilden, was certainly plain enough, the impression which he produced on the spectators was extremely unfavorable. He evaded, prevaricated, stammered, explained, involved himself hopelessly in meshes and muddle, and was sometimes five or ten minutes in answering yes or no. He managed to attract the finger of suspicion by turns to his uncle and to the Democratic National Committee. On the whole, he probably did his side as much harm as any man is likely to do it in a single day." The Tribune compares the evidence of Pelton with that of Weed, and shows how they contradict each other in many essential points.

MANTON MARBLE.

A Remarkable Exhibition Made before the Potter Committee by Manton Marble Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Manton Marble's appearance on the witness stand to-day was a remarkable exhibition of stolid wickedness and high-toned Pecksniffian morality. It was the general opinion that the two self-confessed scamps, Weed and Pelton, did not make half so bad an appearance as this high-bred Joseph Sulkey, who resented all the charges of immorality, and yet disclosed every moment his utter lack of principle. He admits that he did transmit in cipher dispatches addressed to Colonel W. T. Pelton, 15 Gramercy Park, two, probably three, infamous propositions. One for the purchase of the decision of the board and the certificate of the Governor for \$300,000; another for the purchase of one member of the board for \$25,000. The figure of the third, he thinks, \$250,000. All Marble's microscopic criticism of words and dates may pass for the present unnoticed, for it only serves to render more emphatic and decisive his recognition and acknowledgement of the essential truth of the main charges. He says that he never remonstrated with Pelton for his acts of infamy; that he did not even say a word to the members of the Democratic committee about the conduct of the man trusted by them, nor to Tilden about the behavior of his nephew and Secretary; that he suffered the committee, and Tilden and all the world, to remain ignorant of the facts, though daily association with Colonel Pelton only increased every day the weight of evidence which has now accumulated against Tilden himself. All these things Mr. Marble asserts under oath. How many persons does he expect to believe him?

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

MINNOMONIE, Feb. 7.—The town is in a hubbub over an attempt at murder and suicide of Silvenes Dennes and Martha Scribner, who have been living as man and wife. The woman was found this morning in the street, beaten insensible, her wrist broken, and beaten about the face badly. After coming to her senses, she asked that a warrant be issued for the arrest of Dennes, who she said beat her. The Sheriff, on going to the house for Dennes, found the door locked, and

apparently no one there; but upon climbing in at a window found Dennes on the floor with his throat cut from ear to ear, though not dead. A doctor was called but could not help him. He is as present writing alive but can't last long. The woman is dangerously hurt.

FROM MADISON.

Special to the Gazette.
MADISON, Feb. 8.—The funeral of Judge Levi B. Vilas was very largely attended by State Officers, Judges of Courts, Members and Officers of the Legislature, and citizens. The funeral services were at the residence of the deceased and were conducted by Rev. Mr. Wilkinson assisted by Rev. Mr. Pratt.

THE TOBACCO TAX.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—By the change of the vote of Senator Jones, of Nevada, the Committee on Finance to-day reconsidered its action taken last week, reducing the tobacco tax to twenty cents, and agree to recommend a reduction to sixteen cents. There is a strong lobby here in the tobacco interest, and the bill will probably be adopted by the Senate.

NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7.—The President nominated Ephraim McMurtre for Collector of Customs in the District of Minnesota; John F. Hartranft, Postmaster at Philadelphia; James Pollock, for Naval Officer at Philadelphia; A. Souden Snowden, Superintendent of Philadelphia Mint; Martin Parry Kernard, Assistant-Treasurer of the United States at Boston; and Thomas Stevenson for Collector of Internal Revenue in the Fifteenth District of New York.

OBITUARY.

MONROE, Feb. 7.—The funeral of E. T. Gardner, a resident of this village for thirty-five years, took place from his late residence on yesterday, being largely attended. The ceremonies were conducted by the Masonic fraternity, of which order the deceased was for many years a member. Mr. Gardner was a lawyer, has held various offices in Green County, served one term in the State Senate, and was Sergeant at Arms of the Senate a few years ago. He was 69 years of age.

Quicken the Circulation.

Don't let the blood stagnate in your veins. You can prevent its doing so by increasing its volume and purity, by stimulating the digestive organs and encouraging assimilation, with that matchless vitalizing agent, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. People not afflicted with any organic or inorganic disease, grow wan and haggard simply because their blood is thin, watery, deficient in nourishing properties and so meager in quantity that the extremities are very imperfectly supplied with it, and the superficial circulation extremely feeble. Hence the bloodless appearance of the countenance. But when the Bitters are used to enrich and quicken the blood, the rosy hue of health returns to the cheek, the frame acquires substance as well as vigor, the appetite improves, and no digestive qualms interfere either with its gratification or the subsequent tranquillity of the stomach. febiedwlv

AMUSEMENT.

GRAND Masquerade! DANCE!

Given by the CONCORDIA SOCIETY
At their Hall,
ON THE 11th of FEBRUARY!

Persons wishing to procure Masks can make a selection by calling on Mr. Peter Gien, at Dodge & Buchholz's shop, on or before February 5th.

TODAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

8th

Commonwealth Distribution Company.
By authority of Commonwealth of Kentucky.
Drawing and details under supervision of prominent citizens of Kentucky, in public, in the city of Louisville, on

Monday, March 31, 1879.

NO SCALING! NO POSTPONEMENT!
PRIZES PAID IN FULL!

\$112,400 IN CASH

TICKETS ONLY \$2!

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS OF THE POPULAR DRAWINGS.

Read the following attractive list of prizes for the March Drawing:

1 Prize \$50,000 100 prizes \$100 each 10,000
" " 10,000 20 " 50 " 10,000
" " 5,000 500 " 20 " 12,000
10 prizes \$1,000 each 1,000 " 10 " 10,000
20 " 500 each 10,000 " 100 " 1,000
3 Prizes \$300 each, Approximation Prizes...\$3,700
9 Prizes 20 each, " " " 1,800
9 Prizes 100 each, " " " 900
1,000 Prizes. \$12,400
Whole tickets \$2. Half tickets \$1.00
27 Tickets, \$50. 55 Tickets, \$100

Remit by Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter, Bank Draft or Express. Full list of drawing published in Louisville Courier-Journal and New York Herald, and mailed to all ticket holders. For tickets and information address COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO., or T. J. COMMERFORD, Sec'y, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky.

Wanted

\$2,000 FOR FIVE YEARS

At Eight per cent., secured by first class Real Estate. No commission. Address, A. ORIS, Janesville, Wis.

feb3dawlv

AGENTS WANTED

In every city and town throughout the North-western States, to sell our

Teas, Coffees, Spices, & Groceries.

Liberal Inducements.

HONG KONG TEA CO., 110 & 112 Madison Street, CHICAGO, ILLS.

250 GROSS OF CASHES' Everlasting Trimmings

Just Received, at Prices Heretofore Unknown.

75

All WOOL, Heavy Beaver CLOAKS!

FOR NET NEW YORK

COST!

An Opportunity Sel-

dom Offered to Get

a First Class Cloak

Cheap,

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

JUST RECEIVED

A FRESH SUPPLY of the AMERICAN Breakfast Cereals, Oat Meal, White Wheat, and Barley. These goods are Steam Cooked and only require 15 or 20 minutes cooking to prepare them for the table. For sale at DENNISTON'S.

RICE FLOUR, BARLEY FLOUR, Arrow Root, Cassava, Tapioca Sago, Pearl Barley, Oat Meal, and Carolina Rice, at DENNISTON'S.

CHOCOLATE, BRAMA, COCOA, Cocoa Shells, Extract of Beef, Gelatin, Pure Mustards, Spices, Herbs, &c., &c., at DENNISTON'S.

Now

IS YOUR TIME!

AS WE HAVE

Struck Bed Rock

CLOSING OUT PRICES

Call And See!

The Great Reductions.

We are now Selling to Make

Room, with no Expectation of

Making Money.

SMITH & SON,

Square Dealing Clothiers.

Largest Line

OF Valentines,

AT

King's

SCHOOL BOOKS!

PAPER!

Envelopes.

And PAPERS of all KINDS.

Next to the Post Office.

Jan29dtf

Wanted

A BLIND HORSE!

That will work in a Tread Power; to weigh from 1200 to 1400 pounds.

HOGBOOM & ATWOOD, City Coal Yard.

27wt

CAN FIND ANY MEDICINE

Advertised in this paper at

PRENTICE & EVENSON'S

Drug Store, opposite the Postoffice, Janesville. The Medicine will be sent to any address on receipt of price. Send for circulars.

feb3dawlv

MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

Trains at Janesville Station.

-ARRIVE-

From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 7:45 a. m.

From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 1:45 p. m.

From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 7:45 p. m.

-DEPART-

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 8:55 a. m.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 2:45 p. m.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 7:45 p. m.

A. V. B. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass. & Agt.

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

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A. V. B. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass. & Agt.

WESTERN UNION RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE AT CLINTON JUNCTION.

West Bound.

Day Express, 10:55 a. m.

Night Express, 10:55 p. m.

Accommodation, 11:00 a. m.

East Bound.

Day Express, 3:10 p. m.

Night Express, 5:35 a. m.

Accommodation, 10:55 p. m.

D. A. OLIN, Gen'l Sup't.

Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Post-Office, -Summer, Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago and Way, 1:30 p. m.

Madison and Milwaukee, 7:30 a. m.

Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junction, 7:30 a. m.

Green Bay and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Monroe and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Madison and Milwaukee, 7:30 a. m.

Chicago and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Milwaukee and Way, 7:30 a. m.

OVER-LAND MAILS ARRIVE.

Chicago and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Madison and Milwaukee, 7:30 a. m.

Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junction, 7:30 a. m.

Green Bay and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Monroe and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Madison and Milwaukee, 7:30 a. m.

Chicago and Way, 7:30 a. m.

Milwaukee and Way, 7:30 a. m.

OVER-LAND MAILS CLOSE.

Beloit stage, 7:30 a. m.

Center and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 7:30 a. m.

East Troy, via Rock Springs, 7:30 a. m.

Richmond, 7:30 a. m.

Chicago and Way, 7:30 a. m.

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JANESVILLE.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

WEBB & HALL.

LAPPIN'S BLOCK, - - - JANESVILLE

DEALERS IN

Watches, Jewelry, and Silverware.

OLD BOWERIE MILL.

C. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

MILL ON THE RACE, - - - JANESVILLE

Does General Custom Grinding of all

Kinds on Short Notice

And in the Best of Shape.

ART GALLERIES.

W. A. HAND & CO.

(Successors to B. F. Green.)

V. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - JANESVILLE.

Photograph Gallery.

or many years past a permanent institution.

Work Warranted Superior to any in the Country.

BARBER SHOP & BATH ROOMS

HARRY ANDERSON.

N. MAIN ST. - - - JANESVILLE.

Tonsorial Parlor and Bathing Rooms.

Warm and cold baths at all hours. Anderson's

Bandoline, the Finest Hair Dressing in use, only

cents per bottle.

FURNITURE.

M. HANSON & CO.

ON THE RACE, - - - JANESVILLE.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fine Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.

Down to land pan prices. Upholstering done at

his life. He was guillotined soon after the

execution of his father. He left two

daughters, the eldest of whom drowned

herself in the Rhine, on account of unreciprocated

affection. In 1807

The youngest married a merchant

of Havre, who soon after be-

came bankrupt, and who also committed

suicide. The widow lived over thirty-

five years in a garret, supporting herself

by literacy toil and drudgery.

Salary of the French President.

New York Sun.

The salary of the French President is

1,800,000 francs (about \$2,400,000 in gold)

per annum, with the Palace of the Elysee

as a private residence. In a seven years'

term his emoluments cost up \$4,000,000

francs, or nearly \$1,700,000; so that a

thrifty Chief Magistrate may lay up some-

thing for the days when he is out of office.

It is not believed that MacMahon has saved

much, if anything, the contingent outlay

required of the President being largely

expended in the way of State dinners,

entertainments, and so on. The Marshal

spared no expense in keeping up the semi-

royal state which pertains to his office.

At the menagerie: Visitor—How old

are those elephants? Keeper—"Twenty

years old, sir." Visitor—"Ab, I see; they

are yet in their elephantines." His money

was refunded.

"What's your occupation?" asked a

visitor at the Capitol a bright boy who

met him in the corridor. The boy happened

to be a page in the House. "I'm running

for Congress," was the reply.

GROCERIES, &C.

GOOD NEWS

For Those Who Pay

For What They Eat.

\$10,000 Worth

Staple and Fancy Groceries

At Cost and less than cost at

VANKYK'S

CASH GROCERY AND TEA STORE.

Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Apples,

OYSTERS

Flour, and everything else needed to live on at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER!

Before offered in this city. Owing to a proposed

change in the price of the flour, the owner

proposes to give my customers the benefit of

low prices until the stock is reduced. Call and see

me and I will do you good.

Yours, &c.

W. T. VANKYK,

23 Main St., Janesville, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARGAIN

HOUSE & LOT

On Jackson St., Ward must be sold before

Feb. 10th. A splendid chance to get a good

cheap. LOWELL & RIPLEY, AGTS.

JANESVILLE

FARM AND HOMES!

MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA

Over 1,000,000 Acres for Sale by the

WINONA & ST. PETER R.R. CO.

At from \$2 to \$6 per Acre, and on liberal terms.

These lands lie in the great Wheat belt of the

North-west, and are equally well adapted to the

growth of other grain, vegetables, etc. The

climate is unsurpassed for healthfulness.

Purchasers of 160 acres will be

allowed the FULL amount of their fare

over the C. & N. W. and W. & ST. P.

Railways.

Circulars, Maps, etc., containing FULL IN-

FORMATION sent FREE.

H. M. BURCHARD, (Chas. E. Simmons,

Land Agents, Land Commissioners,

MARSHALL, Gen'l Offices C. & N. W.,

MINN., RY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Hawes

BLANKS!

FOR

Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

my16dawit

JANESVILLE.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

WEBB & HALL.

LAPPIN'S BLOCK, - - - JANESVILLE

DEALERS IN

Watches, Jewelry, and Silverware.

OLD BOWERIE MILL.

C. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

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Does General Custom Grinding of all

Kinds on Short Notice

And in the Best of Shape.

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(Successors to B. F. Green.)

V. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - JANESVILLE.

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or many years past a permanent institution.

Work Warranted Superior to any in the Country.

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HARRY ANDERSON.

N. MAIN ST. - - - JANESVILLE.

Tonsorial Parlor and Bathing Rooms.

Warm and cold baths at all hours. Anderson's

Bandoline, the Finest Hair Dressing in use, only

cents per bottle.

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M. HANSON & CO.

ON THE RACE, - - - JANESVILLE.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fine Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.

Down to land pan prices. Upholstering done at

his life. He was guillotined soon after the

execution of his father. He left two

daughters, the eldest of whom drowned

herself in the Rhine, on account of unreciprocated

affection. In 1807

The youngest married a merchant

of Havre, who soon after be-

came bankrupt, and who also committed

suicide. The widow lived over thirty-

five years in a garret, supporting herself

by literacy toil and drudgery.

Salary of the French President.

New York Sun.

The salary of the French President is

1,800,000 francs (about \$2,400,000 in gold)

per annum, with the Palace of the Elysee

as a private residence. In a seven years'

term his emoluments cost up \$4,000,000

francs, or nearly \$1,700,000; so that a

thrifty Chief Magistrate may lay up some-

thing for the days when he is out of office.

It is not believed that MacMahon has saved

much, if anything, the contingent outlay

required of the President being largely

expended in the way of State dinners,

entertainments, and so on. The Marshal

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful hair must use **LYON'S KATHAIRON**. This elegant, cheap article always makes the hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

NEW GOODS Fall Trade!

The Fall style of Foreign and Domestic Cloths

Casimere, Overcoatings, Suitings, Pantings

GENTS' Furnishing Goods

HATS and CAPS, BAGS, TRUNKS &c. &c.

Just placed upon my counters

WERE NEVER MORE COMPLETE

Style, Quality and Price!

My success lies in being a practical Tailor, and superintending the manufacturing myself, and allow no garment to go out unless it gives perfect satisfaction.

J. L. FORD.

SHIRT PATTERNS

CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 50 CENTS.

THE NEW ONE PRICE DRY GOODS STORE

JACKMAN & SMITH'S BLOCK.

John H. Wingate

Has just returned from New York with a fine

DRY GOODS!

And notions bought at the present extremely low prices, many of the goods being cheaper than ever before, and will be sold at a trifle above cost for cash.

DRESS GOODS!

Cloaks, Shawls, Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Cloths, Flannels, Zephyr Worsted, Yarns, Staple Cottons, and all other goods kept in first class Dry Goods Houses. My policy will be

One Price to All.

And that the LOWEST. Close personal attention to customers and business, and a complete assortment of goods at all times, I respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

CALL AT THE ONE PRICED DRY GOODS STORE

And you shall be well treated.

JOHN H. WINGATE.

No. 8, East Milwaukee St., Jackman & Smith's Block, Janesville, Wis. dec17/97

RUBBER

Boots, Dress Shields, Belting, Packing, Shoes, Glove Cleaners, Hose, Cuffs, Pins, Tubing, Paste, Shoe Buttons, Beds, Leggings, Vest Chains, Cushions, Hats, Guard Chains, Bags, Caps, Earrings, Pencils, Blankets, Napkin Rings, Penholders, Mittens, Lockets, Rulers, Diapers, Bracelets, Inkstands, Bibs, Thimbles, Bands, Sheets, Cigar Cases, Cakes, Brushes, Piano Covers, Flasks, Combs, Organ Covers, Corks, Horse Covers, Scoops, Mirrors, Horse Boots, Gymnastics, Turtling Rollers, Wringers, Interfering Straps, Atomizers, Toys, Carry Combs, Syringes, Cigarette Cases, Tumbler, Pipes, Door Mats, Stockings, Webbing, Waxed Canvas, Canes, Buckets, Chair Ties, Inhalers, Spoons, Soap Dishes, Etc., Etc.

Leather Belting, Table and Carriage Oil Cloths.

At Lowest New York Prices.

Goodyear Rubber COMPANY,

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Branch of the Goodyear Rubber Co., New York

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CANCER

INSTITUTE.

Established in 1872 for the Cure of Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula, and Skin Diseases. Without the use of a knife or loss of blood and little pain. For information, circulars and references, address Dr. F. L. FORD, Aurora, Kane Co., Ill. Jan1/98

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1879.

PRUNING HOOK.

Joint Convention of the State Horticultural and Agricultural Societies.

Something Which They Talked About.

A Synopsis of the Proceedings of the Convention.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The afternoon session of this Society was devoted to local reports, and the election of officers for the ensuing year.

Reports from local societies showed an increased interest in horticulture throughout the State—a great call for the reports of the State Society, and for help in conducting local meetings in various parts of the State.

The Committee on Reorganization reported a plan, which was adopted, providing for a broader basis of work and representation; more meetings for discussion and exhibition, and more fully a State institution, claiming State aid and fostering care.

The Treasurer's report showed the total receipts for the past year to have been \$168.19; disbursements, \$112.35; leaving a balance of \$55.84 on hand, with allowed claims against the Society of over \$100 not paid.

The officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows:

President—J. M. Smith, Green Bay.

Vice President—C. H. Greenman, Wauwesa.

Secretary—A. L. Hatch, Ithaca.

Recording Secretary—F. W. Case, Madison.

Treasurer—Matt. Anderson, Cross Plains.

Superintendent—D. T. Pilgrim.

Chairman Finance Committee—J. S. Sickney.

Chairman Committee on Nomenclature—J. C. Plumb.

JOINT CONVENTION.

TUESDAY EVENING.

The Joint Convention met in the Assembly Chamber last evening, and was addressed by W. C. Whitford, on "The Education of Work."

The principal means for the mental culture of the mass of the people are not books and schools, but the common work of their various pursuits. This may seem an overstatement of a truth, but even educational men are fast reaching the conviction that the true element of mind in the systematic exercises of the body, furnishes a more primary and efficient mode, than the chart and the training of the faculties of the child.

The true theory of education is that of the harmonious development of the mental and physical powers. This is best attained through labor. This fact was discussed under five heads:

First. Work holds our thoughts in the closest contact to the common and healthful themes which our business, social experiences, and struggles of life are continually furnishing.

Second. Work stimulates our mental powers, for it awakens thought by concentrating our energies in special spheres of action, and by interesting us in the original teachings of nature and human affairs.

Third. Work really strengthens our intellects, for it enlarges our brain power.

Fourth. Work interests us in the common and essential materials of human life, and gives us the ability to understand and use them to the best advantage.

Fifth. Work is substantially the invention and shaping of means to accomplish certain ends; and this exercises constantly and often most intensely the powers of the mind.

The lecture concluded, with showing some of the defective tendencies of intellectual culture through work, and with the recommendation that these be balanced by extensive reading and independent observation.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

The joint session of the Agricultural and Horticultural Societies was called to order by President Pratt, of the Agricultural Society, who read his annual address, in which he showed how it was the great virtue of success was attained by the few who stand prominent among their fellow-laborers—our countrymen receive the first golden rays from all the suns of excellence and prosperity, in strong contrast with the unfortunate many in some of the lower grades of success, whose greatest ambition seems to be to continue the struggle for a bare subsistence; and their sons seek to shake off the farm life to avoid this life of hardship and toil. The remedy lies in pasturing industry and economy; less waste, more thought, education and watchfulness. Among the reforms needed most is the care of farm implements, and so save buying new; more system in farm work and farm accounts. Here recommended that there be organized mission work in the way of local meetings among the farmers, assisted by the best practical education these State societies could give.

This address was followed by remarks by W. W. Field, Prof. Daniels, A. A. Boyce and others, sustaining the recommendations of the address, especially that portion relating to popular agricultural conventions in various parts of the State.

J. M. Smith, of Green Bay, read a paper on "The Strawberry," how he had been obliged to throw out nearly all the new varieties from some decided demerit, many of them of high quality and of a large size, but wanting in productiveness, or firmness, or hardiness. Dureau, but too soon for market; next, Boyden's No. 30; and Wilson's, at ten cents per quart, is more profitable than any and all others at any price, especially with the ordinary collection.

N. N. Palmer, of Brodhead, of Jersey cows, portrayed the excellent qualities of this breed, claiming for them more good qualities for the dairy than are combined in any other breed.

This called out a spirited discussion from the stock men, upon the merits of the different breeds, all claiming for and showing up some special or general qualities of great excellence, on which the President admitted he could not tell which was ahead.

"Humbugs" was the theme of George J. Kellogg, which concluded that we were all either humbugs or humbugged, and showed the prevalence of the humbug in the walks of life. Horticultural humbugs were well shown up, demanding prompt reproof from every member of this Convention.

AFTERNOON OF WEDNESDAY.

B. F. Adams, of Madison, read a paper upon "Blight"—as it relates to the tree in summer, a compilation of the various theories for the cause of this mysterious disease, deducting therefrom that it was caused by unclean air and feed; but no practical remedy was recommended.

In the discussion following this paper, Mr. Plumb referred to his theory of this affliction, as published in the Agricultural Report for 1872, as a "disease of the circulation, not caused by fungi," and that he was confirmed in this belief by later research and the experience of our best chemists.

Messrs. Puffer, Gideon and others gave their observations, and concluded it a very enigmatic and uncertain disease in its origin and cure.

J. W. Wood, of Baraboo, read a paper upon "Farm Drainage," showing the necessity, usefulness and process of drainage, in both surface and under drains: a most practical and valuable paper upon this important subject.

J. C. Plumb, of Milton, read a paper—"Conditions of Hardiness,"—giving them as of four general divisions, viz.: 1st, Organic—Structural, including variety. 2d, Geological—Soil formation. 3d, Climatic—Temperature and moisture. 4th, Location and Culture—including aspect and pruning.

Showing the need of the most perfect growth and conditions thereof, and hardly varieties; that it is not the degree of cold which kills a tree, so much as the manner of its approach and the condition of the tree at its advent.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

At the evening session in the Assembly Chamber, President Smith, of the Horticultural Society, in the Chair, Hon. Clinton Babbitt, of Beloit, read an address on patriotism in agriculture:

The noblest passion of a good citizen is that of patriotism. It inspires a genuine courage and enthusiasm of faith in good government. By it, self-interest is raised to the standard of public welfare, and the wisdom of its thoughts and grandeur of its conceptions in republics like this, are spent in producing the greatest good to the greatest number. Patriotism requires but few laws, but demands that they shall be of a character to produce universal good. It requires that you should reduce the exorbitant rates of interest and high official salaries. Patriotism will sustain the hard-money revival of January, 1879. The speaker referred to the pertinent subjects of grant land subsidies, inflated currency and rebellion claims, our National Treasury, closing with a vigorous picture of possible royalty in America.

Prof. Edward Searing, of Milton, read an eloquent description, giving personal recollections of "A winter Month in Northern Georgia," telling of the mild, healthy climate, and fine natural resources in the vicinity of Marietta, some one hundred feet above sea level, but especially the mammoth growth of native timber, and adaptation to fruit growing. But could not advise change of residence or emigration to any one well situated here.

Senator Arnold, of Trempealeau, read a humorous paper, entitled "Poetry and Farming," tracing the idea that the enjoyment of the daily life of the farm is its poetry, and is found in efforts to please; that we must please to succeed, for "the succeeds only who pleases the earth."

"To please is well, if it can do; But if to please alone is pleasure, Man's independence he hath lost— This the poetry of the Farm."

THURSDAY MORNING SESSION.

A. J. Phillips of La Crosse county, in a practical paper, gave a list of varieties recommending for ordinary culture, Duchesse, Wealthy and Fameuse apples; Transcendent, Hyslop and Whitney No. 23, Siberians, with a large additional list for elevated airy localities with cold dry soil.

Mr. F. C. Curtis, of Rocky Run, on the subject of Butter, stated that probably one third of the butter made in this State was sold in the large markets for from three to eight cents a pound, though produced with as great labor as the best Creamery butter can be produced at home by following the simple directions of neatness and proper temperature. He described his method of setting milk in large cans, set in cold water—could be successfully done by any one at simple cost.

Hon. Hiram Smith, of Sheboygan Falls, read his essay on Dairymen of Wisconsin. While it is not profitable for us to compete with neighboring States in raising corn or wheat, we can compete with the high priced lands of New York, and most directly with England and Holland, in the production of butter and cheese. Fifty acres of our land will produce wheat of the value of four hundred dollars with, with proper management, maintain twenty-five cows at an annual profit of at least thirty dollars each. Increased profit means prosperity and peace to the dairymen. The making of three cent cheese or ten cent butter is neither profitable or honorable.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Hon. A. A. Boyce, of Lodi, read a paper on a System of Farm Management, advocating a thorough system of rotation with clover as a renovator and fertilizer. It is not profitable to purchase artificial fertilizers; but with clover every third or fourth year, we can produce profitable crops.

Hon. L. C. Sloan, of Madison, read an elaborate address on "Farming as an Occupation," which was attentively listened to and well received. He portrayed the thorough French and English methods of farming in comparison with our generally slack, irregular system. He told of the small average size of the farms in France and the large acre of English estates. The average production per acre was in favor of France, and of both fully double that of this country. He discussed the cause of the low average production, and suggested measures for better results, more capital, more labor needed, "better farming."

Although Mr. Sloan's address, of Pateville, it. P. Main, of Madison, and others objected to some of the points of this address, Senators Arnold and Anderson, Messrs. Finlayson, Field, Babbitt, and others commended Mr. Sloan's address. Salaries of our officials should be reduced; we should have a lower rate of interest; less taxes, and they paid from the actual property; then with better education, strict economy, both of the individual and State, all imperatively demanded as necessary to revival of prosperity.

Prof. W. W. Daniels read a statement of the results of experiments at the State Experimental Farm, showing that the Fultz winter wheat has proved hardy and successful; received the best results from the White Schonen and Probstner's, Mansbury barley, yellow dent and Cherokee corn. Have discarded a large number of varieties of potatoes. The Early Rose is productive, though excelled by the Snowflake, which is of the best quality; the Ruby has proved the most prolific.

The Convention adopted a resolution requesting of the State Legislature the passage of the bill for the grant of \$2,000 for the use of the State Agricultural Society for the current year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$1200 profits on 30 days investment of \$100 in North-West, January 23. Proportional returns every week. Stock Office of

\$20, \$50, \$100, - \$500. Get Reports and Circulars. Address: T. POTTER WRIGHT & CO., Bankers, 33 Wall St., N. Y.

\$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the Fire-37 side Visitor. Terms and Outfit Free. Address: P. V. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

\$3000, \$5000, \$10000, \$20000, \$30000, \$40000, \$50000, \$60000, \$70000, \$80000, \$90000, \$100000, \$110000, \$120000, \$130000, \$140000, \$150000, \$160000, \$170000, \$180000, \$190000, \$200000, \$210000, \$220000, \$230000, \$240000, \$250000, \$260000, \$270000, \$280000, \$290000, \$300000, \$310000, \$320000, \$330000, \$340000, \$350000, \$360000, \$370000, \$380000, \$390000, \$400000, \$410000, \$420000, \$430000, \$440000, \$450000, \$460000, \$470000, \$480000, \$490000, \$500000, \$510000, \$520000, \$530000, \$540000, \$550000, \$560000, \$570000, \$580000, \$590000, \$600000, \$610000, \$620000, \$630000, \$640000, \$650000, \$660000, \$670000, \$680000, \$690000, \$700000, \$710000, \$720000, \$730000, \$740000, \$750000, \$760000, \$770000, \$780000, \$790000, \$800000, \$810000, \$820000, \$830000, \$840000, \$850000, \$860000, \$870000, \$880000, \$890000, \$900000, \$910000, \$920000, \$930000, \$940000, \$950000, \$960000, \$970000, \$980000, \$990000, \$1000000.

\$77 A Month and expenses guaranteed to Agents. Outfit free. Shaw & Co., Augusta, Maine.

TO ADVERTISERS—Send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Send free of charge. Address GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY OF ROCK COUNTY.—In probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the March term of the county court to be held in and at said county, at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1879, the following matter will be heard and argued: The executor of the last will and testament of David Shaffer, deceased, late of said city, to settle his account as such executor, and for the final order of assignment.—Dated February 23, 1879. By order of the court. ANSEL F. PRICHARD, County Judge.

JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BOOTS & SHOES.

MYHR & EVENSON.

N. MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.

Boot & Shoe Makers.

Our own made Calf Boot \$5. Can't be beat; Full line of Ready Made Work on hand; Our own make Kip Boot for \$1.

C. MINER.

NO. 35 MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

MANUFACTURER AND Dealer in Boots & Shoes.

Constantly on hand, the Largest, Cheapest, and Best Selected Stock in Southern Wisconsin. Every one in want of anything in this line, are invited to call, and examine Goods and Prices.

TRULSON & PETERSON.

86 N. MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

DEALERS IN Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers for Fall and Winter Wear

From 25 to 50 per cent Below Old Rates; of the Best Quality; their Custom Department is always well supplied; Repairing Neatly Done.

FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

JAMES CLARK & CO.

W. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

MANUFACTURERS OF Choice Patent Gem, Extra Minnesota Wheat Flour.

Buckwheat Flour, Bran, Feed, &c. All Flour Warranted to give satisfaction.

BARNES & HODSON.

FLOUR MILLS ON RACE - - - - - JANESVILLE

MANUFACTURERS OF Pearl White Patent, Hodgson's Best, From Old and New Minnesota Wheat. Delivery to all parts of the City.

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44 E. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.

House, Sign and Carriage Painting, Paper-Hanging, Graining, Glazing, Etc.

Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Brushes, &c. All work done by them. We guarantee satisfaction. Country Orders promptly attended to.

WINE HOUSE.

L. WYLER, Proprietor,

MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE,

DEALER IN Wine and Wholesale and Retail Agent for Best Milwaukee Bottled Beer.

Opposite the Myers House.

STONE MILLS.

NOTBOM BROS. Proprietors.

Office at Corner of Franklin & West Milwaukee Street Corn Exchange.

Where is kept the following brands of flour: Choice Patent Gem, Best Minnesota Wheat Flour, and Rolled Flour.

Made without the use of Mill Stone; also all kinds of feed; Good Flour exchanged for Good Wheat; Cash paid for Wheat.

DRUGGIST.

A. J. ROBERTS.

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DEALER IN All Kinds of Drugs, Medicines, &c.

Also, Rosche's German Syrup and Green's August Flower always on hand.

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

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Hallo, there! Where are you going? I am going to S. L. James to buy me a Top Buggy. He is selling a Good Leather Trimmings Buggy for \$65; a new top for \$10; a new seat for \$5; a new pair of Lumber Wagon, with Top Box Seat and Wheelbarrow for \$55, and upwards; and all work warranted as represented.

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D. E. FIFIELD & BROS.

RIVER ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

Pioneer Yard.

Dealers in Lumber, Windows, Doors, and all Kinds of Building Materials used or kept for Building purposes at Very Low Prices.

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N. MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

DEALER IN Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns and Revolvers.

Also a Full Line of Sporting Goods always on hand, at bottom prices. Money to loan on collateral.

WIND MILLS BLOWN DOWN.

E. CALE.

NO. 6 FRANKLIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

Stencel Cutter, Lock Smith, &c.

Have accepted the agency of the Evansville Monitor Wind Mill, second to none; will put up a ten foot wheel, with pump, and pipe complete for well 100 feet deep for \$75. A good guarantee given; also new Rubber Rolls to Clothes Ringers; Cutlery ground, saws filed, Melodons and Accordions tuned; Cistern and Deep Well Pumps.

GROCERIES.

JOHN M. MYERS.

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DEALER IN Groceries and Provisions.

Green, Dried and Canned Fruits, Tobacco and Cigars.

Fresh Fish and Mallory Oysters always on hand.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

C. B. CONRAD.

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